# COUNTABLE & UNCOUNTABLE NOUNS IN ENGLISH

### **COUNTABLE & UNCOUNTABLE NOUNS**

LIQUIDS AND GASES

You can count the container it is in, but not the liquid or gas.

Two bottles of milk.

EXAMPLES

water - milk - wine - oil coffee - rain - soup - air smoke - blood - juice - fog



Two cups of coffee.

## **COUNTABLE & UNCOUNTABLE NOUNS**

#### BE CAREFUL!

Be careful with the following uncountable nouns as they may be considered countable in **other** languages.

#### EXAMPLES furniture - advice - work - news information - luggage - money



I have five <u>coins</u>.
 I have ninety <u>dollars</u>.
 I have five moneys.

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ENGLISH COUNTABL BRAMMAR UNCOUNTABL			
COUNTABLE NOUNS		We can count	
Have a singular and plural form Can use a <i>singular</i> verb or a <i>plural</i> verb	$\rightarrow$	a tree The <b>book</b> The <b>book</b>	
UNCOUNTABLE NOUNS		We cannot count	
Have only one form (no plural) Always use a singular verb	⇒	butter Sugar <u>is</u> s	butters
Cannot use <i>a</i> , <i>an</i> or <i>a number</i> before them		a rice a bread	two rice two bread
UNCOUNTABLE NO	UNS AF	RE OFTEN	
ABSTRACT IDEAS (cannot touch)	LIQUIDS & GASES		
love, freedom, education, luck, help, beauty, music, thunder	water, milk, wine, oil, coffee, rain soup, air, smoke, blood, juice, fo		
MADE OF SMALLER PARTS	MATERIALS		
sugar, rice, salt, sand, flour, dirt, dust, traffic, grass, spaghetti	wood, glass, paper, gold, silver, ice, iron, cotton, wool, steel		
SOME FOOD (cut into small parts)	BE CAREFUL! (uncountable in English)		
bread, fish, cheese, chocolate, meat, bacon, food, ham	furniture, advice, work, news, information, luggage, money		

## Ex.1 Which of the underlined parts of these sentences is correct?

I 'Did you hear noise / a noise just now? "No, I didn't hear anything.'

2 a If you want to know the news, you can read payer / a paper.

b I want to print some documents, but the printer is out of paper / papers.

3 a I thought there was somebody in the house because there was <u>light</u> / a light on inside.

b Light / A light comes from the sun.

4 a I was in a hurry this morning. I didn't have <u>time / a time</u> for breakfast.

b 'Did you enjoy your holiday? "Yes, we had <u>wonderful time / a wonderful time.'</u> 3 This is <u>nice room / a nice room</u> Did you decorate it yourself?

6 Sue was very helpful. She gave us some very useful Advice / advices.

7 Did you have <u>nice weather / a nice weather</u> when you were away?

8 We were very unfortunate. We had <u>had luck / a had luck.</u>

9 Is it difficult to find <u>a work / job</u> at the moment?

10 Our travel / journey from Paris to Moscow by train was very tiring.

11 When the fire alarm rang, there was total chaos / a total chaos

12 I had to buy a / some bread because I wanted to make some sandwiches.

13 Bad news <u>don't / doesn't</u> make people happy.

14 Your hair is / Your hairs arc too long. You should have it /them cut.

15 The damage / the damages caused by the storm will cost a lot to repair.

Ex.2 Complete the sentences using the following words. Use the plural (-s) where necessary.

advice

chair

experience

experience

furniture

hair information iob luggage permission progress work 1 I didn't have much - just two small bags. 2 They'll tell you all you want to know. They'll give you plenty of \_\_\_\_\_. 3 There is room for everybody to sit down. There are plenty of \_\_\_\_\_. 4 We have no \_\_\_\_\_, not even a bed or a table. 5 'What does Alan look like?' He's got a long beard and very short . 6 Carla's English is better than it was. She's made\_\_\_\_\_. 7 Mike is unemployed. He can't get a \_\_\_\_\_. 8 Mike is unemployed. He can't get \_\_\_\_\_. 9 If you want to leave early, you have to ask for . 10 I didn't know what to do. So I asked Chris for \_\_\_\_\_. 11 I don't think Dan will get the job. He doesn't have enough . 12 Paul has done many interesting things. He could write a book about his Ex.3 What do you say in these situations? Complete each sentence using one of the words from Section B.

1 Your friends have just arrived at the station. You can't see any cases or bags.
You ask them: Have \_\_\_\_\_\_.
2 You go into the tourist office. You want to know about places to see in the town.
You say: I'd like \_\_\_\_\_\_.
3 You are a student. You want your teacher to advise you about which courses to do.
You say: Can you give use \_\_\_\_\_\_.
4 You want to watch the news on TV, but you don't know when it is on.
You ask your friend: What rime \_\_\_\_\_\_.

5 You are at the top of a mountain. You can see a very long way. It's beautiful.
You say: It \_\_\_\_\_\_, isn't it?
6 You look out of the window. The weather is horrible: cold, wet and windy.
You say: What\_\_\_\_\_\_.

## Ex 4

a) <u>*How much/How many*</u> pasta have we got?

<sup>b)</sup> Where <u>is/are</u> my new trousers?

<sub>c)</sub> I put <u>some/any</u> chocolate somewhere, but where is it?

d) Peter went to buy <u>a/some</u> glass so he could fix the broken windows.

e) I'm afraid we haven't got much/many time.

n <u>How much/How many</u> furniture shops are there?

 $_{9)}$  I've found the milk but I can't find <u>a/some</u> glass.

h) Mary's advice <u>was/were</u> not very useful.

# Ex 5

Put one word in each space. Put a dash (—) if the space should be blank.

<sup>a)</sup> My trousers need ironing. Have you got \_\_\_\_\_iron?

<sup>b)</sup> Could you go to the baker's and buy \_\_\_\_\_ loaf, please?

c) I'd like \_\_\_\_\_ information about trains to Paris.

<sup>d)</sup>Louise has\_\_\_\_\_ very good health.

e) The war ended \_\_\_\_\_ years ago.

f) Vanessa bought \_\_\_\_\_ paper and read it on the bus.

<sub>g)</sub>Could you give me \_\_\_\_\_advice, please?

h) Do you know \_\_\_\_\_people in this village?